freighter services. The current cargo capacity of Air-India are as under:—

	(*Tonnes*)
India—USA	153.8 per week
India—U.K.	87.0 per week
India—Europe	233.7 per week
India—Far East	76.1 per week

Upgradation of railway stations in Rajasthan

*271. SHRI SANTOSH BAGRODIA: Will the Minister of RAILWAYS be pleased to state:

(a) what is the number of railway stations in Rajasthan selected for upgradation during the current Five Year Plan period, district-wise; and

(b) what is the number of new railway stations proposed to be set up in Rajasthan during the current plan?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS (SHRI MADHAVRAO SCINDIA): (a) The following five stations selected to be developed as model stations fall in Rajasthan. The districts in which they are located have been indicated in each case.

Name of station	District
Bikaner	Bikaner
Jodhpur	Jodhpur
Jaipur	Jaipur
Bharatpur	Bharatpur
Ajmer	Ajmer

(b) 25 (17 regular stations and 8 halt-stations).

Fatal cases due to respiratory Diseases caused by Tobacco, Pan, Betelnut and Smoking

*272. SHRI SURESH PACHOURI: SHRI RAM AWADHESH SINGH:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether according to the Washington based World Watch Institute, between 2 to 2.5 million people in the world die every year because of smoking; and if so, how many of these deaths take place in India;

(b) what are the diseases commonly associated with cigarette smoking and what is the excess mortality rate among smokers (over and above the normal national mortality rate);

(c) whether as per WHO report smoking is on the increase specially where poverty and illiteracy is so acute as in India necessitating a strong programme for education;

(d) whether any strategies have been worked out in consultation with the WHO and other progressive countries, if so, the details thereof; and

(e) whether Government propose to introduce a legislation to prohibit smoking in India?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (KUMARI SAROJ KHAPARDE): (a) to (e) The Government is aware of the report of the Washington based World Watch Institute. It is estimated that between 0.6 to 1 million deaths every year are attributable to smoking and other tobacco products in India.

The diseases commonly associated with cigarette smoking are chronic bronchitis, emphysema (causing severe breathlessness), oral cancers, cancers of throat, gullet (Oesophagus) and lungs. The information regarding the excess mortality rate among smokers above the normal national mortality rate is not available.

The World Health Assembly resolution called for a global public health approach

and action to combat the tobacco pandemic and deplored all direct and indirect practices the aim of which is to promote the use of tobacco. The resolution urged the Member States to implement smoking control strategies to ensure that:—

(1) Non-smokers received effective protection in public places and places of work;

(2) Promote abstinence from the use of tobacco;

(3) Progressive elimination of these socio-economic behavioural and other incentives which maintain and promote the use of tobacco;

(4) Establishment of programme of education and public informaton on tobacco and health issues;

(5) Promotion of viable economic alternatives to tobacco production, trade and taxation.

The Government has taken the following steps to discourage smoking:—

(i) The cigrette manufacturers are required to display on every cigarette packet/advertisement hoarding a statutory warning that "cigarette smoking is injurious to health".

(ii) It has been decided that All India Radio and Doordarshan will not accept any advertisement which seeks to promote smoking.

(iii) Health education publicity on the hazards of smoking are being undertaken through mass-media channels.

(iv) State Governments have taken measures to prohibit smoking in closed areas like Cinemas, buses, educational institutions and hospitals.

Although legislation to prohibit smoking may not be feasible, Government proposes to examine the need for comprehensive legislation in consultation with the State Governments regarding ban of advertisements for promotion of smoking.

Tourist traffic and employment potential

*273. PROF. CHANDRESH P. THAKUR:
SHRI KAPIL VERMA:

Will the Minister of TOURISM be pleased to state:

(a) whether the growing tourist traffic offers an enormous employment potential and if so, whether any study has been undertaken to find out the employment generated during the last two years, as a result of investment in tourism;

(b) whether the benefit of tourism is being adequately shared by the local community where tourists visit; and if so, what are the details in this regard; and

(c) whether there is a plan to develop a cadre of trained tourist guides in the country?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI SANTOSH MOHAN DEV): (a) Yes, Sir. The Ministry had sponsored a study which has estimated employment generated by tourism during 1980-81 and 1984-85.

(b) At all tourist centres benefit of tourism is largely shared by the local community in the form of additional income and employment opportunities.

(c) Yes, Sir.

Enquiry into lapses in construction of Jawaharlal Nehru University Campus

*274. DR. R K. PODDAR:
SHRIMATI KANAK MUKHERJEE:

Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state.

(a) whether Government appointed a Committee to go into the lapses in the construction and development of Jawaharlal Nehru University Campus;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof and whether the Committee has since submitted its report;